HW - Chapter 8 - Risk Analysis- Q1

(i) Computation of expected net cash flow of Projects A and B

Project A			Project B		
NCF (Rs.)	Probability	ENCF	NCF (Rs.)	Probability	ENCF
15,000	0.4	6,000	15,000	0.3	4,500
12,000	0.3	3,600	12,000	0.5	6,000
10,000	0.2	2,000	10,000	0.1	1,000
8,000	0.1	800	8,000	0.1	800
ENCF		12,400			12,300

(ii) Computation of Standard deviation of each project Project A

Р	ENCF	NCF	(NCF – ENCF)	P (NCF – ENCF) ²
0.4	12,400	15,000	2,600	27,04,000
0.3	12,400	12,000	-400	48,000
0.2	12,400	10,000	-2,400	11,52,000
0.1	12,400	8,000	-4,400	19,36,000
		58,40,000		

Standard Deviation of Project A = Square root of Rs. 58,40,000 = Rs. 2416.61

Project B

Р	ENCF	NCF	(NCF – ENCF)	P (NCF – ENCF) ²
0.3	12,300	15,000	2,700	21,87,000
0.5	12,300	12,000	-300	45,000
0.1	12,300	10,000	-2,300	5,29,000
0.1	12,300	8,000	-4,300	18,49,000
		46,10,000		

Standard Deviation of Project B = Square root of Rs. 46,10,000 = 2147.09

(iii) Profitability index = PV of inflows ÷ PV of outflows

Project A = $12,400 \div 12,000 = 1.033$

Project B = $12,300 \div 11,000 = 1.118$

The more your money works for you, the less you have to work for money.

(iv) Recommendation of the project

ENCF (**Returns**) of both the projects is almost the same but Standard deviation (risk) is lower in Project B as compared to Project A. Also, profitability index of Project B is higher than that of Project A. So, Project B is preferable because of lower risk and higher profitability index.