

HW - Chapter 3 - Ratios - Q5

Ratios	Navya Ltd.	Industry
1. Current Ratio = $CA \div CL$	$52,80,000 \div 19,80,000 = 2.67$	2.50
2. DTR = $Sales \div Debtors$	$1,10,00,000 \div 11,00,000 = 10.0$	8.00
3. Inventory turnover ratio = $Sales \div Stock$	$1,10,00,000 \div 33,00,000 = 3.33$	9.00
4. Total Asset Turnover ratio = $Sales \div Total Assets$	$1,10,00,000 \div 77,00,000 = 1.43$	2.00
5. Net Profit Ratio = $Net Profit \div Sales$	$2,31,000 \div 1,10,00,000 = 2.10\%$	3.50%
6. Return on Total Asset = $EBIT \div Total Assets$	$5,54,000 \div 77,00,000 = 7.19\%$	7%
7. Return on Net worth = $Net Profit \div Net Worth$	$2,31,000 \div 48,00,000 = 4.81\%$	10.5%
8. Total Debt \div Total Assets	$29,00,000 \div 77,00,000 = 37.66\%$	60%

Comments:

1. The position of Navya Ltd. is better than the industry norm with respect to Current Ratio and Receivables Turnover Ratio.
2. However, the Inventory turnover ratio and Total Asset Turnover ratio is poor compared to industry norms indicating that the company is inefficient to utilize its inventory and assets.
3. The firm also has its net profit ratio and return on net worth ratio much lower than the industry norm.
4. Total debt to total assets ratio is lower than the industry standard which suggests that the firm is less leveraged by debt and more by equity resulting in a less risky company.